( Name:	) ( Date: )

## **Neurological Effects of Drugs**

Match the drugs to their neurological effects.

Cocaine • • Slows neural activity and impairs coordination

Marijuana • • Boosts dopamine and affects reward system

Alcohol • • Overstimulates reward pathways, causing euphoria

Nicotine • • Impairs memory and learning

Opioids • • Suppresses pain signals and neurotransmitter release

Decide if each statement is true (T) or false (F).	
<ol> <li>Long-term use of drugs can shrink the hippocampus.</li> </ol>	
2 Nicotine decreases dopamine production in the brain.	
3 Alcohol slows neural activity, affecting memory and judgment.	
4 Cocaine causes long-term damage to brain circuits involved in stress.	

Read the scenario and answer the questions below.

Scenario: Sam started using opioids after an injury.

Over time, Sam felt unable to stop using them, even though the pain had subsided.

Sam also noticed feeling anxious and sad without the medication.

- 1. What part of Sam's brain might be affected by opioid use?
- 2. How do opioids alter the brain's natural production of neurotransmitters?