Anatomy and Physiology

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Name:	Date:	

Answer the questions below by choosing the correct option!

- 1. Which type of joint is found in the shoulder and hip, allowing a wide range of movement?
 - A) Hinge joint
 - B) Ball-and-socket joint

 - C) Pivot joint
 D) Saddle joint
- 2. What is the primary function of red blood cells?
 - A) Fight infections
 - B) Carry oxygen
 - C) Produce hormones
 - D) Regulate body temperature
- 3. Where is the femur located?
 - A) Arm
 - B) Skull

 - D) Chest
- 4. Which organ is responsible for filtering blood and removing waste products?
 - A) Liver

 - B) Lungs C) Kidneys D) Stomach
- 5. The small, finger-like projections in the intestines that absorb nutrients are called:
 - A) Alveoli B) Villi

 - C) Nephrons
 - D) Papillae
- 6. Which layer of skin contains melanocytes, the cells that produce melanin?
 - A) Dermis
 - B) Epidermis
 - C) Hypodermis
 - D) Subcutaneous layer

- 7. The main function of the respiratory system is to:
 - A) Remove waste from blood
 - B) Transport oxygen
 - C) Exchange oxygen and carbon dioxide
 - D) Produce red blood cells
- 8. Which type of muscle is found in the walls of the heart?
 - A) Smooth muscle
 - B) Skeletal muscle

 - C) Cardiac muscle D) Voluntary muscle
- 9. What is the largest part of the human brain responsible for thinking and voluntary actions?
 - A) Brainstem
 - B) Cerebellum
 - C) Cerebrum D) Medulla
- 10. Which system of the body is responsible for producing hormones?
 - A) Nervous system
 - B) Immune system
 - C) Endocrine system
 - D) Circulatory system
- 11. What part of the cell contains genetic material and controls cellular activity?
 - A) Mitochondria
 - B) Ribosome
 - C) Nucleus
 - D) Cytoplasm
- 12. Which hormone regulates blood sugar levels by facilitating the uptake of glucose into cells?

 - A) Insulin
 B) Glucagon
 C) Adrenaline
 - D) Cortisol