

## English Verb Conjugation (Present)

### How to conjugate verbs in English

Portuguese is considered a difficult language because of its verb conjugation. For each personal pronoun, normally, you have a different conjugation (Eu falo, tu falas, ele fala...). But in English, this situation is very different and easier. In most of the cases, the conjugation is the same of the base form of the verb (for example, base form of "to play" is "play") and is the same for all personal pronouns, except "he/she/it" (3<sup>rd</sup> person singular). The only exceptions for this rule are the verb to be, that has 3 different conjugations\*\* ("am", "is" and "are") and the verb to have, that has the irregular form "has" for the 3<sup>rd</sup> person singular\*\*\*.

**Vocabulary:**

*Each:* "Cada"

*Normally:* "Normalmente"

*Easier:* "more easy"

### Usage

**\*Verb To play  
(base form except in  
3rd person singular)**

<b>I</b>	<b>play</b>
<b>You</b>	<b>play</b>
<b>He/She/It</b>	<b>plays</b>
<b>We</b>	<b>play</b>
<b>You</b>	<b>play</b>
<b>They</b>	<b>play</b>

In most of the cases, the verb is the same of the base form, for all the personal pronouns, except for "he/she/it", the 3<sup>rd</sup> person singular. In this case you have to add an "s" or "es" or "ies". The rule is the same for plural forms of the nouns. (you can see it in the last exercise).