Chapter 6: Chemistry in Biology Vocabulary

Due 10/23/09

Atom: Building block of matter; contains subatomic particles- neutrons, protons, and electrons

Compound: Pure substance with unique properties; formed when two or more different elements combine.

Covalent Bond: Type of chemical bond formed when atoms share electrons.

Electron: Negatively charged particle that occupies space around an atom's nucleus.

Element: Pure substance composed of only one type of atom; cannot be broken down into another substance by physical or chemical means.

Ion: Atom that is negatively or positively charged because it has lost or gained one or more electrons.

lonic Bond: Electrical attraction between two oppositely charged atoms or groups of atoms.