#### **Daily Grammar Practice**

## Monday Notes (Parts of Speech)

#### NOUN

· person, place, thing, idea

#### Types:

- common (n): begins with lower case letter (city)
- **proper (N)**: begins with capital letter (Detroit)
- **possessive** (**poss n**): shows ownership (girl's)

## **PRONOUN**

takes the place of a noun

## Types:

- personal (pron): (1st person: pronouns having to do with "me"; 2nd person: pronouns having to do with "you"; 3rd person: pronouns having to do with everyone else)
- singular nominative (sing nom): I, you, he, she, it
- plural nominative (plur nom): we, you, they
- singular objective (sing obj): me, you, him, her, it
- plural objective (plur obj): us, you, them
- singular possessive (sing poss): my, your, his, her, its, mine, yours
- plural possessive (plur poss): our, your, their, ours, yours, theirs
- reflexive (ref pron): (reflect back to "self") myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves (not words: hisself, ourself, theirselves)
- relative (rp): (start dependent clauses) that; which, who, whom, whose
- interrogative (int pron): (ask a question) Which? Whose? What? Whom? Who?
- demonstrative (dem pron): (demonstrate which one) this, that, these, those
- indefinite (ind pron): (don't refer to a definite person or thing) each, either, neither, few, some, all, most, several, few, many, none, one, someone, no one, everyone, anyone, somebody, nobody, everybody, anybody, more, much, another, both, any, other, etc.

#### ADVERB (adv)

- modifies adjectives (<u>really</u> cute), verbs (<u>extremely</u> fast), and other adverbs (very easily)
- tells: How? When? Where? To what extent?
- · "Not" is always an adverb.

#### ADJECTIVE (adj)

- modifies nouns (I have a <u>green</u> pen.) and pronouns (They are happy.)
- tells: Which one? How many? What kind?
- Articles: a, an, the
- **proper adjective**: proper noun used as an adjective (American flag)

#### PREPOSITION (prep)

- shows relationship between a noun or pronoun and some other word in the sentence
- across, after, against, around, at, before, below, between, by, during, except, for, from, in, of, off, on, over, since, through, to, under, until, with, according to, because of, instead of
- We went to school. We went up the stairs.

#### INTERJECTION (intj)

- · Shows emotion or intensity
- Oh! Wow! Man!

## CONJUNCTION

· joins words, phrases, and clauses

# Types:

- coordinating (cc): FANBOYS (for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so)
- subordinating (sc): start dependent clauses (and therefore must be followed by subject and verb) after, since, before, while, because, although, so that, if, when, whenever, as, even though, until, unless, as if, etc.
- correlative (corr conj): not only/but also, neither/nor, either/or, both/and